



P.O.T.S. CARE PLAN

Student Photo

(Updated 7/2024)

School	Da	Date		
Student	Birthdate	Grade/Rm.		
EMERGENCY CONTACTS:				
NAME	RELATIONSHIP	TELEPHONE	NUMBER	
Treating Physician	Telephone			
Prescription medications (with instructions):				
Known POTS triggers:				
Significant Medical History				
Allergies/ Intolerances (\[\text{No allergies} \]				
Approximate date of POTS diagnosis				
Individuals with POTS can experience racing heart rate, dizziness, and fainting. This is often triggered by standing up quickly after a period of lying or sitting down. Students with POTS need to drink plenty of fluids throughout the day to regulate their blood pressure. Keeping salty snacks available helps to maintain the body's blood volume so the water they drink doesn't get processed and wasted immediately. Doctors often recommend POTS patients eat two salty snacks a day or consume electrolyte-infused drinks. Anyone with this diagnosis ought to be allowed to carry a water bottle and salty snacks (like chips, pretzels, or an electrolyte solution) with them throughout the school day and have as-needed access to the restroom .				
 SYMPTOMS OF POTS EPIS Dizziness Feeling faint or fainting Fatigue Headache Tunnel vision or Auditory disrup Abdominal pain Nausea Sweating/ temperature dysregul Heart palpitations 	 Create a safe Lay student Offer cool co Offer fluids if Stay with student Call student Re-assess s 	Offer cool compress if student overheating		
 THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS SHOULD TRIGGER AN ESCALATED RESPONSE: Loss of consciousness for more than 2 minutes Unresponsiveness Vomiting Pulse >160 bpm at rest Failure to return to baseline after 15 minutes with intervention Call student's parent/guardian Call 911 				
Additional information:				
Parent name:	Parent signature:			
Provider name:	Provider signature:			